

Article 2: Definitions

Village of Central Lake

A. Section 2.01 - Rules of Construction

In order to clarify the intent of the provisions of this Ordinance, the following rules shall apply, except when clearly indicated otherwise.

1. The particular shall control the general.
2. The word "shall" is always mandatory and never discretionary. The word "may" is permissive.
3. Words used in the present tense shall include the future; words in the singular number shall also denote the plural and the plural shall also denote the singular.
4. A "building" or "structure" includes any part thereof.
5. The phrase "used for" includes "arranged for", "designed for", "intended for", "maintained for" and "occupied for".
6. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, where a regulation involves two (2) or more items, conditions, provisions, or events, the terms "and", "or", "either...or", such conjunction shall be interpreted as follows:
 - A. "And" denotes that all the connected items, conditions, provisions, or events apply in combination.
 - B. "Or" indicates that the connected items, conditions, or provisions, or events may apply singly or in any combination.
7. "Village" shall refer specifically to Village of Central Lake.
8. The term "person" shall mean an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, limited liability company or other legal entity, or their agents.
9. Terms not defined shall be assumed to have the meaning customarily assigned them.
10. Any necessary interpretation of this Ordinance shall be defined by the Village Zoning Board of Appeals.

B. Section 2.02 - Definitions

Accessory Structure: Any building or structure that is customarily incidental and subordinate to the use of the principal building or structure, including but not limited to, accessory buildings, personal freestanding television and radio reception antennas, satellite dishes and signs.

Accessory Use: A use naturally and normally incidental and subordinate to the main use of the land or building.

Adult Arcade: Any place to which the public is permitted or invited wherein coin-operated or slug-operated electronically or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, or other image-producing devices are maintained to show images to five or fewer persons per machine at any one time and where the images so displayed

are distinguished or characterized by depicting or describing of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas.

Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store: A commercial establishment that, as one of its principal business purposes, offers for sale or rental for any form of consideration one or more of the following:

1. Books, magazines, periodicals or other printed matter or photographs, films, motion picture, video cassettes or video reproductions, slides or other visual representations or media which depict or describe Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas; or
2. Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia that are designed for use in connection with Specified Sexual Activities.

A commercial establishment may have other principal business purposes that do not involve the offering for sale or rental of material depicting or describing Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas and still be categorized as an Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store. The sale of such material shall be deemed to constitute a principal business purpose of an establishment if it occupies 25% or more of the floor area or visible inventory within the establishment.

Adult Cabaret: A nightclub, bar, restaurant, or similar commercial establishment that regularly features:

1. Persons who appear in a state of nudity;
2. Live performances that are characterized by the exposure of Specified Anatomical Areas or by Specified Sexual Activities;
3. Films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by the depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas; or
4. Persons who engage in lewd, lascivious or erotic dancing or performances that are intended for the sexual interests or titillation of an audience or customers.

Adult Motel: A hotel, motel or similar commercial establishment that:

1. Offers accommodation to the public for any form of consideration and provides patrons with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by the depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas and has a sign visible from the public right of way that advertises the availability of any of the above;

2. Offers a sleeping room for rent for a period of time that is less than twelve (12) hours; or
3. Allows a tenant or occupant of a sleeping room to sub-rent the room for a period of time that is less than twelve (12) hours.

Adult Motion Picture Theater: A commercial establishment which for any form of consideration, regularly and primarily shows films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions or visual media that are characterized by depiction or description of Specified Sexual Activities or Specified Anatomical Areas.

Adult Theater: A theater, concert hall, auditorium, or similar commercial establishment that regularly features a person or persons who appear in a state of nudity or live performances that are characterized by exposure of Specified Anatomical Areas or by Specified Sexual Activities.

Agriculture: The act or business of cultivating or using land and soils for the production of crops for the use of animals or humans and includes, but is not limited to, purposes related to agriculture, farming, dairying, pasturage, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, and animal and poultry husbandry. Flower, vegetable or other gardens maintained only for the property owner(s) use and/or enjoyment are not considered agriculture.

Alterations: Any change, addition or modification in construction or type of use or occupancy; any change in the supporting structural members of a building, such as walls, partitions, columns, beams, girders, or any change which may be referred to herein as "altered" or "reconstructed".

Alternative Tower Structure: Man-made trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and other similar alternative-design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers.

Anemometer: An instrument for measuring and recording the speed of the wind.

Anemometer Tower: A structure, including all accessory facilities, temporarily erected for no more than two (2) years, on which an anemometer is mounted for the purposes of documenting whether a site has wind resources sufficient for the operation of a wind turbine generator.

Antenna: Any exterior transmitting or receiving device mounted on a tower, building or structure and used in communications that radiate or capture electromagnetic waves, digital signals, analog signals, radio signals or other communication signals.

Appearance Ticket: see Municipal Civil Infraction Citation.

Architectural Features: Parts of a building which are not for human occupancy, that shall include but are not limited to cornices, eaves, gutters, courses, sills, lintels, bay windows, chimneys and decorative ornaments.

Automobile Repair: Any major activity involving the general repair, rebuilding, or reconditioning of motor vehicles or engines; collision repair, such as body, frame, or fender straightening and repair; overall painting and vehicle rust-proofing; refinishing or steam cleaning.

Automobile Sales Area: Any space used for display, sale or rental of motor vehicles, in new or used and operable condition.

Automobile Wash Establishment: A building, or portions thereof, the primary purpose of which is that of washing motor vehicles.

Average: For the purpose of this Ordinance, the term, "average" will be an arithmetic mean.

Basement: That portion of a building which is partly or wholly below grade but so located that the vertical distance from the average grade to the floor is greater than the vertical distance from the average grade to the ceiling.

Bed and Breakfast Establishments: Any family occupied dwelling used or designed in such a manner that certain rooms in excess of those used by the family are rented to the transient public for compensation.

Bedroom: A dwelling room used or intended to be used by human beings for sleeping purposes.

Brewery: A nonresidential structure in which a person is licensed by the Michigan Liquor Control Commission to manufacture and sell any beverage obtained by alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt, hops, or other cereal in potable water.

Board of Appeals: As used in this Ordinance, this term means the Village of Central Lake Zoning Board of Appeals.

Boat and/or Canoe Livery and Boat Yard: A place where boats and/or canoes are stored, rented, sold, repaired, decked and serviced.

Buffer Strip: A strip of land for the planting of shrubs and/or trees to serve as an obscuring screen to carry out the requirements of this Ordinance.

Building Height: The maximum vertical distance from any portion of the roof to the natural grade. No portion of the structure's roof

(except chimneys & cupolas) may exceed the height allowed in the specific district regulations.

Buildable Width: The width of a lot left for building after required side yards are provided.

Building: Any structure having a roof supported by columns, or walls for the shelter or enclosure of persons, animals, or property of any kind.

Campgrounds: Any parcel or tract of land, under the control of any person wherein sites are offered for the use of the public or members of an organization, either free of charge or for a fee for the establishment of temporary living quarters for five (5) or more recreational units.

Car Wash Facilities: See Automobile Wash Establishment.

Church: See Place of Worship.

Clinic: A building or group of buildings where human patients are admitted for examination and treatment by more than one professional, such as a physician, dentist, or the like, except that human patients are not lodged therein overnight.

Club: Buildings and facilities owned or operated by corporation, association, person or persons, for social, educational, or recreational purposes.

Condominium Unit: That portion of a condominium project designed and intended for occupancy and use by the unit owner consistent with the provisions of the master deed.

Cottage Industry: An occupation or trade conducted within an attached garage or detached residential accessory structure, which is clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the lot, and dwelling for residential purposes. Cottage industries are regulated by **Section 3.08.2**.

Distillery: A nonresidential structure in which a person is licensed by the Michigan Liquor Control Commission to manufacture and sell (1) the product of distillation of fermented liquid, whether or not rectified or diluted with water, but not including ethyl or industrial alcohol, diluted or not, that has been denatured or otherwise rendered unfit for beverage purposes, and/or (2) a beverage that contains alcohol obtained by distillation, mixed with potable water or other substances, or both, in solution, and including wine containing an alcoholic content of more than 21% by volume, except sacramental wine mixed spirit drink.

Dock: A temporary or permanent structure, built on or over the water, supported by pillars, pilings, floats, or other supporting devices.

Drive-Thru Business: Any restaurant, bank or business with an auto service window.

Driveway, Private: A private lane, which is used for vehicular ingress or egress serving one, two or three lots, parcels or site condominium units.

Dwelling Unit: A building or portion of a building, either site-built or pre-manufactured which has sleeping, living, cooking and sanitary facilities and can accommodate one family, either permanently or transiently. In the case of buildings which are occupied in part, the portion occupied shall be considered a dwelling unit, provided it is in conformance with the criteria for dwellings. In no case shall a travel trailer, truck, bus, motor home, tent or other such portable structures be considered a dwelling unit.

Dwelling, Accessory: A dwelling unit accessory to a single-family residence or a commercial business located either in the principal structure or an accessory building, such as a garage. An accessory dwelling commonly has its own kitchen, bath, living area, sleeping area, and usually a separate entrance.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A detached building containing not more than one dwelling unit designed for residential use.

Dwelling, Two-Family: A building containing not more than two separate dwelling units designed for residential use.

Dwelling, Manufactured: A building or portion of a building designed for long-term residential use and characterized by all of the following:

1. The structure is produced in a factory in accordance with the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act, as amended, and
2. The structure is designed to be transported to the site in nearly complete form, where it is placed on a foundation and connected to utilities; and
3. The structure is designed to be used as either an independent dwelling or as a module to be combined with other elements to form a complete dwelling on the site.

Dwelling, Mobile: A factory-built, single-family structure that is transportable in one or more sections, is built on a permanent chassis, and is used as a place of human habitation; but which is not constructed with a permanent hitch or other device allowing transport of the unit other than for the purpose of delivery to a permanent site, which does not have wheels or axles permanently attached to its

body or frame, and which is constructed according to the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, as amended.

Dwelling, Multiple-Family: A building containing three or more dwelling units designed for residential use.

Efficiency Unit: A dwelling unit consisting of one room, exclusive of bathroom, hallway, closets, and the like providing not less than three hundred and fifty (350) square feet of usable floor area.

Enclosed, locked facility: That term as defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423.

Erected: Includes built, constructed, reconstructed, extended, enlargement, moved upon, or any physical operation on the premises intended or required for a building or structure. Excavation, fill, drainage, and general land improvements, shall be considered part of erection.

Essential Services: The erection, construction, alteration, or maintenance by public utilities or municipal department or commissions of underground, surface, or overhead gas, electrical, steam, or water transmission or distribution systems, collection, communication supply or disposal systems, including mains, drains, sewers, pipes, conduits, wires, cables, fire alarm boxes, traffic signals, hydrants, towers, poles, and other similar equipment, and accessories in connection therewith reasonably necessary for the furnishing of adequate service by such public utilities or municipal departments or commissions or for the public health or general welfare, but not including buildings other than such buildings as are primarily enclosures or shelters of the above essential service equipment. Telecommunication towers or facilities, alternative tower structures, wireless communication antenna and wind turbine generators are not included within this definition.

Excavating: Excavating shall be the earth moving, filling or removal of earth, sand, stone, gravel, or dirt.

Family: An individual, or two (2) or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption, together with not more than (2) persons not so related, occupying a dwelling and living as a single nonprofit housekeeping unit with single culinary facilities as distinguished from a group occupying a boarding house, lodging house, hotel, club, fraternity, or similar dwelling for group use.

Farm Use Building: For a building to be considered a "Farm Use Building" the property must be actively farmed and considered agriculture by definition and over half the land of the contiguous parcel must be tillable and/or pasture.

Fence: Any permanent or temporary means, partition, structure or gate erected as a dividing structure, or barrier and not part of a structure requiring a building permit. A fence must be constructed of material marketed and manufactured as fencing and/or screening material exclusive of agricultural fencing.

Floor Area: The square footage of floor space measured from exterior to exterior wall for all floors, but not including enclosed and unenclosed porches, breezeways, non-commercial garages, attic, basement and cellar area.

Floor Area, Usable (for the purpose of computing parking): That area used for or intended to be used for the sale of merchandise or services, or for use to serve patrons, clients or customers. Floor area used or intended to be used for the storage or processing of merchandise, hallways or for utilities or sanitary facilities, shall be excluded for the computation of "Usable Floor Area". All floor levels shall be counted.

Gasoline Service Station: Any land, building or structure used for sale or retail of motor vehicle fuels, oils, or accessories, or installing or repairing parts and accessories, but not including repairing or replacing of motors, doors, or fenders, or painting motor vehicles.

Grade: The ground elevation established for the purpose of regulating the number of stories and the height of buildings. The building grade shall be the level of the ground adjacent to the walls of the building if the finished grade is level. If the ground is not entirely level, the grade shall be determined by averaging the elevation of the ground for each face of the building.

Greenbelt, Shoreline: An undisturbed area of land paralleling the water's edge to a depth of the required zoning setback distance if not otherwise stipulated, which is retained in a natural condition and is essentially void of any structural improvements, to serve as a waterfront buffer. Beaches and/or vegetated areas shall be defined as shoreline greenbelts.

Hazardous Substances: Any substances or materials that, by reason of their toxic, caustic, corrosive, abrasive or otherwise injurious properties, may be detrimental to the health of any person handling or otherwise coming into contact with such materials or substances.

Home Occupation: A profession, occupation, activity or use conducted within a dwelling which is incidental and secondary to the use of the lot and dwelling for residential purposes, and which does not alter the exterior of the property or affect the residential character of the neighborhood.

Hotel or Motel: A building occupied or used as a predominantly temporary abiding place by individuals or groups of individuals, with

or without meals, and in which building there are more than five (5) sleeping rooms.

Industrial Park: A special or exclusive type of planned industrial area designed and equipped to accommodate a community of industries, providing them with facilities and services in attractive surroundings among compatible neighbors.

Industry: A use engaged in manufacturing, fabricating, and/or assembly activities.

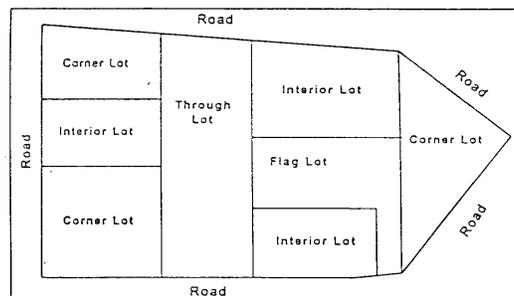
Junkyard: An open area where waste, used or second hand materials are bought and sold, exchanged, stored, baled, packed, disassembled or handled including, but not limited to scrap or other metals, paper, rags, rubber tires and bottles. A "Junkyard" includes automobile wrecking yards and includes any area of more than two hundred (200) square feet for storage, keeping or abandonment of junk, but does not include uses established entirely within enclosed buildings.

Kennel: Any lot or premises on which three (3) or more dogs, cats, or other household pets of the same species four (4) months of age or older are kept temporarily or permanently. Kennel shall also include any lot or premise where household pets are bred or sold.

Landscape buffer: See Buffer Strip.

Loading Space: An off-street space on the same lot with a building or group of buildings, for temporary parking of a commercial vehicle while loading or unloading merchandise or materials. Off-street loading space is not to be included as an off-street parking space in computation of required off-street parking.

Lot: A parcel of land or site condominium occupied or to be occupied by a use or building and its accessory buildings or structures together with such open spaces, minimum area, and width required by this Ordinance for the district in which located, but not including any area within any abutting right-of-way or traffic lane.



Lot, Corner: A lot located at the intersection of two streets or a lot bounded on two sides by a curving street, any two (2) sides of which form an angle of one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees or less.

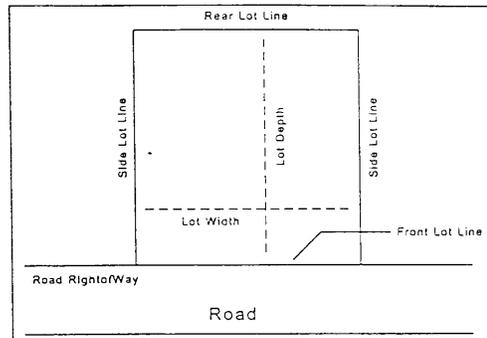
Lot Coverage: The part or percent of the lot occupied by buildings or structures, including accessory buildings or structures and all impervious surfaces.

Lot Depth: The horizontal distance between front and rear lot lines, measured along the median between side lot lines.

Lot, Double Frontage: A lot other than a corner lot having frontage on two (2) more or less parallel roads. If there are existing structures in the same block fronting on one (1) or both of the roads, the required front yard setback shall be observed on those roads where such structures presently front.

Lot, Interior: A lot other than a corner lot with only one (1) lot line fronting on a street.

Lot Line, Front: In the case of an interior lot abutting upon one public or private street, the front lot line shall mean the line separating such lot from such street or road right-of-way. In the case of a corner or double frontage or a through lot, the front lot line shall be that line separating said lot from the road on the side of the lot that has the narrowest road frontage, or if the two lot lines have an equal amount of frontage, the front lot shall be on the most improved or best rated road. (See *Lot, Double Frontage*).



Lot Line, Rear: The lot line being opposite the front lot line. In the case of a lot irregularly shaped at the rear, the rear lot line shall be an imaginary line parallel to the front lot line, not less than ten (10) feet long lying farthest from the front lot line and wholly within the lot.

Lot Line, Side: Any property line bounding a lot that is not a front lot line or a rear lot line.

Lot of Record: A lawfully created parcel of land defined by a legal description and recorded in the office of the Antrim County Register of Deeds on or before the effective date of this Ordinance.

Lot, Waterfront: A lot having frontage directly upon a lake, river, or stream. The portion adjacent to the water is considered the water frontage.

Lot Width: The horizontal distance between the side lot lines, measured at the two (2) points where the front setback line, intersects the side lot lines.

Lot, Zoning: A contiguous tract of land that at the time of filing for a Zoning permit is designated by its owner or developer as a tract to be used, developed, or built upon as a unit, under single ownership or control. A Zoning Lot may not coincide with a lot of record, but may include one or more lots of record.

Manufactured Home: see Dwelling, Manufactured.

Master Plan or Comprehensive Plan: The statement of policy by the Village Planning Commission and approved by the Village Council relative to the agreed-upon desirable physical pattern of future community development. It consists of a series of maps, charts, and written material representing in summary form the community's conception of how it should grow in order to bring about the very best community living conditions.

Marijuana or marihuana: That term as defined in Section 7106 of Act no. 368 of the Public Act of 1978, as amended (Michigan Public Health Code), being MCL 333.7106.

Medical Use: That term as defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423.

Migratory Labor: Temporary or seasonal labor employed in planting, harvesting, or construction.

Mobile Home: see Dwelling, Mobile.

Mobile Home Park: A parcel of land which has been planned and improved for the placement of three (3) or more mobile homes for residential dwelling use.

Mobile Home Site: A plot of ground within a mobile home park designed for the accommodation of one mobile home.

Motel: See Hotel.

Municipal Civil Infraction Citation: A written complaint or notice prepared by an authorized Village official, directing a person to appear in court regarding the occurrence or existence of a municipal civil infraction violation by the person cited.

Nonconforming Lot of Record: A lot of record that legally existed on or before the effective date of this ordinance or any amendment to this ordinance and does not meet dimensional requirements of this ordinance or amendment.

Nonconforming Structure: A building, structure, or portion thereof that lawfully existed before the effective date of this ordinance or any amendment to this ordinance and that does not meet the floor area, setback, parking or other dimensional regulations for the zoning district in which such building or structure is located.

Nonconforming Use: A use which lawfully occupied a building or land at the effective date of this Ordinance or Amendments thereto that

does not conform to the use regulations of the Zoning District in which it is located.

Nude Model Studio: Any place where a person who displays Specified Anatomical Areas is provided to be observed, sketched, drawn, painted, sculptured, photographed, or similarly depicted by other persons who pay money or any form of consideration, but does not include an educational institution funded, chartered, or recognized by the State of Michigan.

Nudity or a State of Nudity: Knowingly or intentionally displaying in a public place, or for payment or promise of payment by any person including, but not limited to payment of an admission fee, any individual's genitals or anus with less than a fully opaque covering, or a female individual's breast with less than a fully opaque covering of the nipple and areola. Public nudity does not include any of the following:

1. A woman's breastfeeding of a baby whether or not the nipple or areola is exposed during or incidental to the feeding.
2. Material as defined in section 2 of Act No. 343 of the Public Acts of 1984, being section 752.362 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
3. Sexually explicit visual material as defined in section 3 of Act No. 33 of Public Acts of 1978, being section 722.673 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Nuisance Factor: An offensive, annoying, unpleasant, or obnoxious thing or practice, a cause or source of annoyance, especially a continuing or repeating invasion of any physical characteristics of activity or use across a property line which can be perceived by or affects a human being of reasonable sensibility, or the generation of an excessive or concentrated movement of people or things, such as noise; dust; heat; electronic or atomic radiation; objectionable effluent; noise or congregation of people, particularly at night.

Nursery, Plant Materials: A space, building or structure, or combination thereof, for the storage of live trees, shrubs, or plants offered for retail sale on the premises, including products used for gardening or landscaping. The definition of nursery *does not include* space used for the sale of fruits or vegetables.

Occupancy Permit: A permit issued by the Antrim County building official that certifies a structure as being completed and suitable for use and/or occupancy, and that includes approval by the Village Zoning Administrator that the project has been built in accordance with the approved plot or site plan and the Village of Central Lake Zoning Ordinance.

Off Street Parking Lot: A facility providing vehicular parking spaces, along with adequate drives and aisles. Adequate maneuvering space shall also be included to allow unrestricted ingress and egress to at least two (2) vehicles.

Open Air Business: Includes uses operated for profit, substantially in the open air, including:

1. Bicycle, utility truck or trailer, motor vehicle, boats, or home equipment sale, repair or rental services.
2. Outdoor display and sale of garages, motor homes, mobile home, snowmobiles, farm implements, swimming pools and similar activities.
3. Retail sale of trees, fruit, vegetables, shrubbery, plants, seeds, top-soil, humus, fertilizer, trellises, lawn furniture, playground equipment, and other home garden supplies and equipment.
4. Miniature golf, golf driving ranges, children's amusement park or similar recreation uses operated for profit.

Open Space: Land upon which no structures, parking, rights-of-way, or other improvements have or will be made and that will not be committed for future use other than outdoor recreational use.

Ordinary High Water Line: The line between upland and bottomland which persists through successive changes in water levels, below which the presence and action of the water is so common or recurrent that the character of the land is marked distinctly from the upland and is apparent in the soil itself, the configuration of the soil and the vegetation. On an inland lake which has had a level established by law, it means the high established level. On a river or stream, the ordinary high water mark shall be the ten-year flood limit line.

Park: Properties and facilities owned or operated by any governmental agency, or owned or operated by any private agency, which are open to the general public for recreational purposes.

Parking Space: An area of definite length and width exclusive of drives, aisles, or entrances, giving access thereto, and fully accessible for the storage or parking of permitted vehicles.

Place of Worship: A building wherein people regularly assemble for religious worship and which is maintained and controlled by a religious body organized to sustain public worship, together with all accessory buildings and uses customarily associated with such principal purpose.

Planning Commission: For the purpose of this Ordinance the term Planning Commission is deemed to mean the Village of Central Lake Planning Commission.

Planned Unit Development (PUD): A type of development to be planned and built as a unit and which permits upon review and approval, variations in many of the traditional controls related to density, land use, setbacks, height, open space and other design elements, and the timing and sequencing of the development. Such developments can be proposed as either mixed use or single use developments.

Plot Plan: The drawings and documents depicting and explaining all salient features of a proposed development for which a zoning permit is required, but a full site plan is not required, in order to evaluate compliance with ordinance standards and requirements.

Pick-up Camper: See Recreational Vehicle.

Primary caregiver: That term as defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423 who has registered with the Bureau of Health Professions, Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs or any successor agency under the Michigan Medical Marijuana Act.

Principal Use: The main use to which the premises are devoted and the primary purpose for which the premises exists.

Professional Office: The office of a professional person such as a doctor, dentist, engineer, architect, attorney, insurance or real estate agent, and the like.

Public Sewer Systems: A public sewer system shall be defined as a central or community sanitary sewage and collection system of pipes and structures including pipes, conduits, manholes, pumping stations, sewage and waste water treatment works, diversion and regulatory devices, and outfall structures, collectively or singularly, actually used or intended for use by the general public or a segment thereof, for the purpose of collecting, conveying, transporting, treating or otherwise handling sanitary sewage or industrial liquid waste of such a nature as to be capable of adversely affecting the public health operated and maintained by the general public.

Public Utility: Any person, firm, corporation, municipal department board, or commission fully authorized to furnish and furnishing, under federal, state or municipal regulations, to the public, electricity, gas, steam, communications, telegraph, transportation, water services, or sewage disposal.

Qualifying Patient: That term as defined in Section 3 of Initiated Law of 2008, as amended (Michigan Medical Marijuana Act), being MCL 333.26423 who has registered with the Bureau of Health Professions, Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs or any successor agency under the Michigan Medical Marijuana Act.

Recreational Vehicle: A vehicle designed to be used primarily for recreational purposes, including temporary sleeping quarters and/or cooking facilities, or a unit designed to be attached to a vehicle and used for such purposes, including self-propelled motor homes, pickup campers, fifth wheel trailers, travel trailers, and tent trailers.

Resort: A recreational lodge, camp or facility operated for gain, and which provides overnight lodging and one or more of the following: golf, skiing, dude ranching, recreational farming, snowmobiling, pack trains, bike trails, boating, swimming, hunting and fishing and related or similar uses normally associated with recreational resorts.

Road Right-of-Way: A Street, alley or thoroughfare or easement permanently established for passage of persons or vehicles which, if used to establish a lot front, provides adequate permanent access.

Road, Private: An area of land which is not a public road, but which is intended for passage to and from more than one lot or site condominium unit.

Roadside Stand: An accessory and temporary farm structure operated for the purpose of selling local agricultural products, primarily are raised or produced on the same farm premises or other properties under the same ownership or management.

Retail and Retail Stores: Any building or structure in which goods, wares, or merchandise are sold to the ultimate consumer for direct consumption and not for resale.

School: A public or private educational institution offering students a conventional academic curriculum, including kindergartens, elementary schools, middle schools, high schools and colleges. Such term shall also include all adjacent properties owned by and used by such schools for educational, research, and recreational purposes.

Seasonal Use: Any use or activity that reasonably can or should only be conducted during certain months or seasons of a year.

Setback: The minimum required horizontal distance from the applicable front lot line, rear lot line or side lot line within which no buildings or structures may be placed.

Sexual Encounter Center: A business or commercial enterprise that, as one of its principal business purposes, offers for any form of consideration:

1. Physical contact in the form of wrestling or tumbling between persons of the opposite sex; or
2. Activities between male and female persons and/or persons of the same sex when one or more of the persons is in a state of nudity.

Sexually Oriented Business: A business or commercial enterprise engaging in any of the following: (1) adult arcade; (2) adult bookstore or adult video store; (3) adult cabaret; (4) adult motel; (5) adult motion picture theater; (6) adult theater; (7) escort agency; (8) nude model studio; and (9) sexual encounter center.

Shopping Center: A group of commercial establishments, planned, developed, owned, and managed as a unit, with off-street parking provided on the property, and related in its location, size and type of shops to the trade area which the unit serves. Three or more retail stores and services, so arranged or planned, shall qualify as a shopping center for zoning purposes.

Sign: A structure, including its base, foundation and erection supports upon which is displayed any words, letters, figures, emblems, symbols, designs, or trademarks by which any message or image is afforded public visibility from out of doors on behalf of or for the benefit of any product, place activity, individual, firm, corporation, institution, profession, association, business or organization.

Sign, Animated: Any sign having a conspicuous and intermittent variation in the illumination of the physical position of any part of the sign.

Sign, Freestanding or Ground: A sign supported by permanent uprights or braces in the ground.

Sign, Off Premise: Any sign relating to subject matter not conducted on the premises on which the sign is located.

Sign, On Premise: An advertising sign relating in its subject matter to the premises on which it is located, or to products, accommodations, service, or activities on the premises.

Sign, Outdoor business or Informational: A freestanding, overhanging or wall mounted sign located outside a structure on which is displayed information pertaining to a product, use, occupancy, function, service or activity located within that structure on the same property as the sign, or at a location different than the property on which the sign is located.

Sign, Overhanging: A sign that extends beyond any structure wall and is affixed to the structure so that its sign surface is perpendicular to the structure wall.

Sign, Portable: A sign that is designed to be transported, including but not limited to signs:

- With wheels removed;
- With chassis or support constructed without wheels;
- Designed to be transported by trailer or wheels;
- Converted A- or T- frame signs;

- Attached temporarily or permanently to ground, a structure, or other signs;
- Mounted on a vehicle for advertising purposes, parked and visible from the public right-of-way, except signs identifying the related business when the vehicle is being used in normal day-to-day operations of that business;
- Menu and Sandwich boards;
- Searchlight stand; and
- Hot-air or gas-filled balloons or umbrellas used for advertising.

Sign surface: That portion of a sign excluding its base, foundation and erection supports on which information pertaining to a product, use, occupancy, function, service, or activity is displayed.

Site Condominium Unit: That portion of a condominium subdivision designed and intended for occupancy and use by the unit owner consistent with the provisions of the master deed.

Site Plan: The drawings and documents depicting and explaining all salient features of a proposed development so that it may be evaluated according to the procedures set forth in this ordinance, to determine if the proposed development meets the requirements of this Zoning Ordinance.

Special Approval: Approval by the Village Planning Commission of a use of land in a district that does not conflict with any other permitted land use in the district when such use is specified in this Ordinance for that district.

Stable: A building or structure used to house horses, either for the property owner's private use or for hire.

Story: That portion of a building, other than a basement or mezzanine, included between the surface of any floor and the floor next above it, or if there be no floor above it, then the space between the floor and the ceiling next above it. A "mezzanine" floor shall be deemed a full story only when it covers more than fifty (50%) percent of the area of the story underneath said mezzanine, or if the vertical distance from the floor next below it to the next above it is twenty-four (24) feet or more.

Structural Change or Alteration: See Alterations.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires location on the ground or attachment to something having permanent location on the ground.

Telecommunication Towers and Facilities or Tower - All structures and accessory facilities, including Alternative Tower Structures, relating to the use of the radio frequency spectrum for the purpose of transmitting or receiving radio signals; including, but not limited

to, radio towers, television towers, telephone devices and exchanges, microwave relay facilities, telephone transmission equipment buildings, private and commercial mobile radio service facilities, personal communication services towers (PCS), and cellular telephone towers. Not included in this definition are: citizen band radio facilities; short wave receiving facilities; radio and television broadcast reception facilities; satellite dishes; federally licensed amateur (HAM) radio facilities; and governmental facilities which are subject to state or federal law or regulations which fully preempt municipal regulatory authority.

Temporary Building and Use: A structure or use permitted by this Zoning Ordinance to exist during periods of construction of the main building or for special events.

Thoroughfares: An arterial street which is intended to serve as a traffic way serving primarily the immediate Village area and serving to connect with major thoroughfares.

Tourist Home: See Bed and Breakfast Establishment definition.

Trailer Coach: See Recreational Vehicle definition.

Travel Trailer: See Recreational Vehicle definition.

Use: The lawful purpose of which land or premises, or a building thereon, is designed, arranged, or intended, or for which it is occupied, or maintained, let, or leased, according to this Ordinance.

Variance: A modification of literal provisions of this Ordinance which the Zoning Board of Appeals is permitted to grant when strict enforcement of said provision would cause practical difficulty or undue hardship owing to circumstances unique to the individual property on which the variance is sought.

Wind Turbine Generator: A tower, pylon, or other structure, including all accessory facilities, upon which any, all, or some combination of the following are mounted:

1. A wind vane, blade, or series of wind vanes or blades, or other devices mounted on a rotor for the purpose of converting wind into electrical or mechanical energy.
2. A shaft, gear, belt, or coupling device used to connect the rotor to a generator, alternator, or other electrical or mechanical energy-producing device.
3. A generator, alternator, or other device used to convert the energy created by the rotation of the rotor into electrical or mechanical energy.

Wind Turbine Generator, Commercial: A wind turbine generator designed and used primarily to generate electricity by or for sale to public utility companies.

Wind Turbine Generator Farm, Commercial: Two (2) or more wind turbine generators located on the same parcel designed and used primarily to generate electricity by or for sale to public utility companies.

Wind Turbine Generator, Noncommercial: A wind turbine generator designed and used primarily to generate electricity or produce mechanical energy for use on the property where located.

Wind Turbine Generator Tower Height: The distance between the ground and the highest point of the wind turbine generator, plus the length by which the rotor wind vanes or blades mounted on a horizontal axis wind turbine rotor exceeds the height of the wind turbine generator.

Yard: A space open to the sky between a building and the lot lines of the parcel of land on which located, unoccupied or unobstructed by an encroachment or structure except as otherwise provided by this Ordinance.

Yard, Front: A yard across the full width of the lot extending from the front line of the principal building to the front lot line.

Yard, Rear: A yard extending across the full width of the lot from the rear line of the building to the rear lot line.

Yard, Side: A yard between the side lot line and the nearest side of the principal building, extending between the front yard and rear yard.

Zoning Permit: A zoning permit is written authority as issued by the Zoning Administrator on behalf of the Village permitting the construction, moving, exterior alteration or use of a building or land in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance.